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AND WHAT TO GROW

> No. 173 JULY 1935

DAHLIA Garden Cactus

Type

DAHLIAS

This month we are printing a comprehensive list of all the best varieties in these popular flowers. The decorative types have been so much improved that they have caught the popular fancy, but we still include a number of cactus varieties, which should not be neglected because they have an appeal peculiar to themselves and they have also been much improved. Dahlias can be grown anywhere if good, rich garden loam and a good water supply are available, and they amply repay any attention that can be given them. Dry tubers are offered now and green plants will be available about November or December, while in January we expect to have, as usual, a fine lot of imported tubers.



SEASONAL NOTES

By H. CHAS, STARKE, F.R.H.S.

During July most of the hardier Vegetables may still be sown, but you will now begin to give attention to the preparation of the ground for spring sowing, and unless you are somewhat behindhand with your work you will not be putting in very much seed except, perhaps, to provide a succession of varieties that have already been sown. In most kinds the earlier sowing will prosper far beyond what can be expected from mid-winter sowings, but the situation and the condition of the soil are factors which have a direct bearing on this, and the gardener's experience also counts for a great deal. Thus it may be said that you get better results than your neighbour, or it may be that you get worse, although you may be working on similar lines.

As a general guide for sowing in July we give the following list: Peas, Broad

As a general guide for sowing in July we give the following list: Peas, Broad Beans, Beet, Carrots, Onions, Parsnips, Radishes, Swedes, Turnips, Leek, Cabbage, Kale, Knol-Kool, Celery, Herbs (various), Lettuce, Chervil, Cress, Parsley, Spinach. The hardiest varieties should be selected in every case and it may be taken as a fairly general rule that the varieties described as "late" are hardier than varieties described

as "early."

In connection with winter garden work it is most important to look well to the drainage. If the ground is low-lying the excess moisture must be carried off or the crops will not thrive. A water-logged condition of the soil is detrimental to almost every kind of garden crop and to many it is fatal. Deep-working, levelling, fertilising and the provision of furrows or under-ground drains are all matters that will help to improve this undesirable condition and each of these should be studied to find whether it will help in your particular case.

In farm work similar conditions apply and most of the sowing of cereal crops will have been completed but preparations can well be made for the sowing of early spring crops. The work should be planned and the land prepared as far as possible so that no time may be lost when the weather improves and it is felt that sowing can

begin of such crops as are liable to injury from frost.

So far we have written mainly with Western Province conditions in mind. Here frosts are light and infrequent but the cold and wet prevents the growth of the more

tender crops such as Mealies, Millets and all the melon tribe.

In the Karroo area matters are very different and anything that is sown in winter must be protected unless it is of a very hardy nature. For the vegetable garden you will, no doubt, find it profitable to provide facilities for raising plants, even in the coldest weather. An inexpensive frame with glass top is all that is necessary and if it is portable it can be used in various ways in different situations; for instance, there are great possibilities with a hot-bed formed by digging a pit and filling it with fresh manure which is then covered with soil and the frame placed over it. The fermentation of the manure will provide bottom heat for forcing many crops of the vegetable garden. Vegetable plants of various kinds, even the tenderest, can be raised in this way if the hot-bed is well-managed so as to have a temperature suited to the crop that is being raised. Many weeks can be saved in this way and crops can thus be raised earlier than would otherwise be possible. The following vegetables may be sown in July if you can provide suitable conditions for them in the manner we have described or in some other way: Broad Beans, Peas, Beet, Carrot, Radish, Cabbage, Lettuce, Spinach, Celery and Parsley.

In the Low Veld of the Transvaal and similar sub-tropical areas, on the other hand, it is possible to sow this month many additional crops which will not stand the cold that prevails elsewhere and thus, in such areas, it should be possible to sow most

crops of the vegetable garden.

FERTILIZERS.

During the cold winter weather fertilisers that provide nitrogen can be more freely used, with beneficial results. For quick results Nitrate of Soda will be found very useful and should be applied to growing crops just before a rain or it may be spread on the surface and watered in with the hose. For crops that are being freshly planted better results can be had by the use of the Ground Karroo Manure which is dug in at planting time or a little ahead of that operation. This provides humus as well as nitrogen and is a very valuable fertiliser. In America big drying plants are being erected for drying sheep manure for this purpose, but we have the same thing here dried naturally by the sun and supplied at a very cheap price. Do we realise its value? For general purposes in the garden you can not do better than use our "Kudu" General Garden Fertiliser which supplies all the elements of plant food that are required by crops. We supply these fertilisers as well as other kinds including special mixtures for any crop and we shall be glad to advise you as to which is the best to use if you will send us particulars of the purpose for which the fertiliser is required.

SEED POTATOES.

We are now offering South African grown seed of the varieties listed below. These have been sorted and subjected to favourable conditions so as to induce the development of robust growth. They are ready for immediate planting.

Cases are of one-bushel size, weight approximately 66 lbs. net.

Arran Chief, first crop from imported	10/6 per case
Flourball, first crop from imported	12/6 per case
King George, second crop from imported	10/6 per case
Ragis Zehn, first crop from imported	12/6 per case
Up-To-Date, second crop from imported	8/6 per case

All the above are offered subject to being unsold and 5 per cent. can be deducted if Cash is sent with Order.

STRAWBERRIES.

Well-rooted plants of the following varieties are now ready for delivery. Send your orders early to make sure of a supply.

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	(Within the I	Jnion)	Local Prices			
Strawberries.	Per doz. 100	1000 I	Per doz. 100	1000		
Batchelor's Favourite (Export Strain)The	at the start so	1 30 1 300	The same of the sa	18.65		
only variety that has been successfully						
exported to London. Our plants are grown		1 300		11217		
specially for us by the successful exporter	2/- 8/6	63/-	1/6 7/6	60/-		
Laxton's Noble.—Large firm fruit, light crim-						
son-scarlet, rich vinous flavour	1/6 5/-	33/-	1/- 4/-	30/-		
Stellenbosch or Sauvi's Perpetual.—A strong						
grower producing shapely berries of good						
flavour	1/9 6/-	43/	1/3 5/-	40/-		

LOGANBERRIES.

There is nothing to equal Loganberries for tarts and fruit pies and they make excellent jam too. If well treated they give an excellent return, but they must not be neglected or they are worse than useless. The treatment, however, is very simple. Dig deeply and manure well before planting and place them against a fence or similar structure to which they can be tied. The fruit is produced on the laterals that are thrown out from last year's growth and therefore it is imperative that they should be regularly pruned. Cut away all the older growth, leaving only those long, strong shoots that were thrown up from the base last season and tie them in place. These shoots will produce a liberal crop and a fresh batch of shoots will be thrown up for next season. Nothing could be simpler, try them this way and you will not be disappointed/

Price: 1/- each, 9/- per dozen, 60/- per 100.

Postage and Packing: 3d. each, 1/- per dozen, 2/6 per 100.

BLACKBERRIES.

Burbank's Californian Giant.—A fine new variety, very large-fruited and a prolific bearer.

Price: 2/- each, 18/- per dozen.

Postage and Packing: 3d. each, 1/- per dozen.

JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES.

This is a very useful crop, and it is easily grown because it will thrive in most soils. Its principal requirement is a sufficiency of moisture during its growing period, which is from September onwards. The tubers can be used as soon as the foliage begins to die back and until July or August when they are preparing to make new growth. They are best left in the soil until required, as they do not keep well in storage. Tubers: Per lb. 6d.; 5 lbs 1/9; 25 lbs 6/-; 100 lbs 20/-. They can be sent by post in parcels of 10 lbs for 1/- extra per parcel.

ASPARAGUS.

This delicious garden vegetable is worth the extra trouble necessary to grow it to perfection. It requires a rich garden loam, well manured. The beds should be well prepared to a good depth so that the plants may be left undisturbed for several years. Year-old plants: 2/- per dozen; 12/6 per 100—Posted 3/- and 15/- respectively.

VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS.

We give below a list of plants that we expect to have ready during this month. Some of these are now ready, but others will not be ready till about the middle of the month or later. All orders are dealt with in rotation and will be despatched when the plants are ready. If you are unable to wait, please mark your order accordingly and we will send only what is ready, cancelling the remaining portion of the order.

Local Prices: 1/3 per 100; 10/6 per 1000. Posted (within the Union): 2/- per 100; 14/6 per 1000.

Beet, Blood Red Beet, Flat Egyptian **Brussels Sprouts** Cabbage, Cape Spitzkool Cabbage, Copenhagen Market Cabbage, Early Drumhead
Cabbage, Early Jersey Wakefield
Cabbage, Golden Acre
Cabbage, Large Oxheart
Cabbage, Starke's Improved Spitzkool

Local Prices: 1/- per 100; 6/6 per 1000. Posted (within the Union): 1/6 per 100; 10/6 per 1000.

Leek, Large Flag Onion, Cape Straw Coloured Onion, Early Flat Yellow Cape Onion, White Queen Early

Cauliflower, Early Italian Giant

Kohi Rabi, Early White Vienna

Cauliflower, Southern Cross Cauliflower, Super Snowball

Lettuce, Curled Neapolitan Lettuce, New York
Spinach Beet, Green Cutting
Spinach Beet, Yellow Cutting

Kale, Tall Curled

Cape Gooseberry.—9d. per doz., posted 1/3. Lavender, Mint, Sage, Thyme, Rosemary. 3/- per doz., posted 3/6.

SPRAYING.

In winter, when your fruit trees are free of leaves and in a thoroughly dormant condition you have the very best opportunity of ridding them of all diseases, especially those of a fungous nature and scale. Use a good winter wash such as "Capex" Sulphur-Lime Solution or Multiple Winter Wash and see that the trees are thoroughly sprayed. The Sulphur-Lime solution will kill scale if used in the maximum strength recommended in the directions but if a special scale spray is desired you may use either Volck or Harbas. For scale, however, the main point is to spray a second time after 14 days so as to catch any that have escaped the first spraying. Just as the buds begin to swell you should look over all peach and similar trees for the black peach aphis and give a first spraying for this pest with McDougall's No. 2 Fruit Tree Wash or other similar spray containing nicotine. A second spraying should follow a week later, and this weekly spraying must be continued if necessary. You must beat this pest or it will ruin your trees! It can be beaten, but persistent effort is necessary. The main point is to begin early, before there are many leaves to shelter the pest.

PRUNING.

This operation must be completed during July or soon after, otherwise the sap will be rising and bleeding may occur. Our Nursery Department (Ayres Nurseries, Phone 6-3278) sends men out to do this work at very moderate charges. If you are unable to do it yourself they will be able to help you.

THE FLOWER GARDEN.

July is a difficult month for seed sowing and most plants of the Flower Garden would preferably be planted out from earlier sowings. The following may be sown, however, where conditions are favourable. In cold areas they should be sown under shelter while in very cold areas it would be better to defer sowing until next month: Aquilegia, Bellis Perennis, Calendula, Calliopsis, Campanula, Candytuft, Cannas, Carnations, Chrysanthemum, Coreopsis, Cornflower, Dianthus, Eschscholtzia, Felicia, Foxglove, Gaillardia, Geum, Gilia, Godetia, Gypsophila, Helenium, Hunnemannia, Iris, Larkspur, Lavandula, Leptosyne, Linaria, Lobelia, Lupinus, Marigold, Mignonette, Myosotis, Nasturtium, Nemophila, Pentstemon, Petunia, Phlox, Pinks, Poppy, Primrose, Salpiglossis, Salvia, Scabious, Schizanthus, Shasta Daisy, Statice, Sutherlandia, Sweet Peas, Sweet Sultan, Sweet William, Tropaeolum, Valeriana, Verbena, Violet, Virginian Stocks, Wallflower. Stocks, Wallflower.

All these can be had at 6d. per packet, postage paid to any address in South Africa (5/- per dozen for Cash with Order).

BEDDING AND BORDER PLANTS.

We give below a list of plants that we expect to have ready during the month. Some of these are now ready but others will not be ready till about the middle of the month or later. All orders are dealt with in rotation and will be despatched when the plants are ready. If you are unable to wait, please mark your order accordingly and we will send only what is ready, cancelling the remaining portion of the order. F.

and we will sold only what is ready, concerning the remaining		B. C. C.		Loc	
			ion)		ces
ANTIRRHINUMS—LEEUBEKKIES.	Per	doz.	100	doz.	100
Bonfire.—Bright cinnabar red, yellow blotch		1/9	8/6	1/6	7/6
Orange Beauty.—Orange-scarlet with gold lip		1/9	8/6	1/6	7/6
Connen Miner MT 1 -1	TRA	1/9	8/6	1/6	7/6
Maralda.—Coppery carmine	101	1/9	8/6	1/6	7/6
Old Gold.—Orange with old rose throat		1/9	8/6	1/6	7/6
Rose.—Pure rose		1/9	8/6	1/6	7/6
Ruby.—Carmine		1/9	8/6	1/6	7/6 7/6
Wallflower.—Rich deep coppery crimson		1/9	8/6	1/6	1/0
LARKSPUR-RIDDERSPOOR.					
Daintiness.—Delicate lavender		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Los Angeles.—Rich salmon overlaid with rose	7:10	1/3 1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Lilac Spire.—Parma violet		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/- 5/-
Rosy Scarlet.—Tall, lovely colour	Ser.	1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Tall Branching Blue.—Splendid type and fine colour	1	1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
PANSIES-GESIGGIES.					
Giant Golden QueenLarge deep yellow with black eye	1	1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Large Flowering Mixed.—A fine assortment of colour		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Masterpiece Mixed.—Beautifully blotched and curled	1	1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Parisian Large Stained.—Mixed, very fine		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Roggli Giant.—Very large, varied colouring		2/6	12/-	2/-	10/-
STOCKS-VIOLETTE,		100111	17		ANT C
Abundance.—Carmine-rose, very large	***	1/6	7/6	1/3	6/-
Cote d'Azur.—Blue of Capri	***	1/6	7/6	1/3	6/-
Crimson King (Etincelante).—Bright crimson		1/6	7/6	1/3	6/-
Empress Elizabeth.—Beautiful bright rose		1/6	7/6	1/3	6/4
Queen Alexandra.—Pretty rose lilac	***	1/6	7/6	1/3	6/-
Rose of Nice.—Old rose, very early		1/6	7/6	1/3	6/-
Souvenir of Monaco.—Brilliant crimson, very early Souvenior of Monte Carlo.—Canary yellow		1/6	7/6 7/6	1/3	6/-
Violet of Parma.—Strong grower, free flowering, light violet		1/6	7/6	1/3	6/-
German Ten-Week Mixed.—A choice strain		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
"Nice" Stocks Mixed.—Including the best colours		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
CALENDULAS.				100	
Campure.—Large flat blooms on stout stems		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Orange Shaggy.—New. A distinct break in Calendulas,	rich	016	101	01	101
orange blooms of "shaggy" appearance on long stems		2/6	12/-6/-	2/-	10/-
Sulphur Crown (Lemon Queen).—Golden yellow with d	ark	1/0	01	-/-	01-
centre		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
GENERAL LIST OF BEDDING PLA	NTS	181			
Antirrhinum majus.—Tall varieties in mixture		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Iceland Poppy, Art Strain.—Charming colours		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
leeland Poppy, El Monte.—Deep tangerine	•••	1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
leeland Poppy, Sandford's Aurora.—Giant strain, long stems leeland Poppy, Sunbeam Mixed.—An improved strain		1/3 1/3	6/-	1/-	5/- 5/-
Leptosyne maritima.—Large yellow	****	1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Lobelia, Crystal Palace.—Dark blue		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Marigotd, Prince of Orange.—Immense flowers, long stout st		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Marigold, Lemon Queen.—Greatly improved	•••	1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Nemesia, Blue Gem.—Beautiful forget-me-not blue Nemesia, Fire King.—Scarlet		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Nomesia, Mixed.—Fine colours	•••	1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
		1 3 6	127/11/15		Down to the

	Po	sted	Withi	n Lo	cal
GENERAL LIST OF BEDDING PLANTS (Continued.)			nion) 100		100
Phlox Drummondii.—Large-flowered strain		1/3	6/-		5/-
Statice sinuata.—Blue, rose and yellow Viola, Blue Perfection.—A charming shade	***	1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
Viola, Purple Queen.—Rich violet Viola (Lutea splendens).—Golden		1/3	6/-	1/-	5/-
GENERAL LIST OF HERBACEOUS P		100	1		Wall and
Agapanthus.—Blue and white varieties Agapanthus, Table Mountain Variety.—Dark blue		7/6 4/6		6/-	40/-
Alternanthera.—Edging plant		2/6	12/6	2/-	10/-
Aquilegia.—Blackmore & Langdon's long-spurred hybrids Arctotis Mixed.—Wonderful colours		2/6 2/6	12/6	2/-	10/-
Arctotis Mixed.—Wonderful colours		5/-	30/-	4/6	27/6
Canterbury Bells.—Mixed seedlings		2/-	10/- 25/-	1/6 3/-	7/ 6 18/6
Carnation, Chabaud Giant.—A mixture of the best colours Carnations, Enfant de Nice.—The earliest giant flower	ing	4/-		13	
carnation		5/-	30/-	4/6	27/6
Carnation. Margaret Malmaison Yellow	re	4/6	27/6	3/6	21/-
Crimson, Red, Rose and Yellow—or Mixed	***	5/-	30/-	4/6	27/6
Carnation, Starke's Special Giant Chabaud.—In the follow varieties: Legion of Honour (brick red), Pearl (lilac pin	k),				
Pink Beauty (hermosa pink), Scarlet (Firefly), Yel (Marie Chabaud), Yellow Ground Varieties (Mad. Chaba	low				
or in Mixture, all at		5/-	30/-	4/6	27/6
Cheiranthus kewensis.—Winter flowering wallhower Cynoglossum amabile.—Beautiful rich blue		2/6	12/6 10/-	2/-	10/-7/6
Cynoglossum amabile.—Beautiful rich blue Delphinium belladonna.—Best for cut-flower Seedli Large Crov	vns	3/6 4/6		3/-4/-	-
Delphinium, Blue Butterfly Seedla	ngs	2/6	1-	3/6	İ
Delphinium, Clivedon Beauty.—Improved Belladonna Seedli Delphinium, Excelsior Strain Seedli	ngs	4/-	-	3/6	1-
Large Crov Felicia.—Blue, splendid for bed edging, blooms profusely		5/-		4/6	
regularly trimmed Foxgloves.—Choice Mixed		2/6	12/6 12/6	2/-	10/-
Fuchsias.—Ex pots 1/- each, posted 1/3		7/6	12/6	6/-	10/-
Gazania.—Orange, large Daisy-flowers, very showy Geranium, Zonal.—Bedding (1/- each, posted)		2/6 5/-	32/6	4/-	25/-
Geranium, Zonal Paul Crampel.—Fiery scarlet, fine bedder Geum, Lady Stratheden.—Fine double yellow		5/-2/6	32/6	2/-	25 /- 10/-
Gilia coronopifolia.—Striking spike of scarlet flowers		4/-			
Gypsophila paniculata.—Perennial, large panicles of flowers,	1/-				
each, posted 1/3		5 /-3/6	· / ()	4/6 3/-	
Hollyhock, Chater's Double.—A fine strain Hydrangeas.—2/6 and 3/6 each (ex pots 2/- each, posted)	***	2/6	12/6	2/-	10/-
Impatiens.—Several varieties, mixed—out of pots		6/6	12/6	6/-	10/-
Iresine aureo reticulata.—Leaves gold-veined Iresine Herbstii.—Leaves crimson with rose veins		2/6 2/6	12/6	2/-	10/-
Lantana salviaefolia.—Dwarf shrub of creeping habit, ma	uve	5/-	32/6	4/-	25/-
Lavandula dentata.—French Lavender Nasturtium, Fireball.—Ex pots 1/- each, posted 1/3		4/6	_	4/-	1
Nepeta Mussini.—(Cat Mint)		2/6	12/6	2/-	10/-
Pelargoniums.—In variety		10/6		3/6	1
Petunia, California Giants.—Beautifully fringed, wonde colours, single	rful	3/6	17/6	3/-	15/-
Petunia, Gloria.—Dwarf bedder, bright rosy magenta, wh	hite		A Aller	1/3	
throat	1	2/6	7/6	2/-	6/-
Polyanthus, Blackmore & Langdon's.—A superb strain Salvia farinacea.—Light bright lavender		7/-	100	6/-	-
		100		100	

	Posted (Within	Local
GENERAL LIST OF HERBACEOUS PLANTS	the U	1	
(Continued.)	Per doz.	100 /	doz. 100
Salvia splendens, BonfireVivid scarlet, splendid for massi	ng 3/-/	The same of	2/6 —
Salvia violacea, Maroon Prince.—Very deep violet		1	5/
Salvia coccinea.—Fiery scarlet, dwarf		-	2/6
Sedum.—Yellow-flowered, for carpeting in damp situations, p			
clump 1/-, posted 1/3		10/6	0/ 10/
Shasta Daisy.—Large white flowers on long stems			2/- 10/-
Solidago.—Golden Rod	3/0	10507	5/
each, posted 1/6		- (4.1)	8/
Statice macrophylla.—Perennial, light blue, large clusters, ve			
fine, 1/- each, posted 1/6		3 2 0	8/- :
ThalictrumA very graceful plant for the herbaceous borde			
1/- each, posted 1/6	9/-	+	8/
Verbena, Auricula-eyed.—Choice mixed			2/6 12/6
Verbena, Defiance.—Scarlet			2/6 12/6
Verbena, Dark Blue.—Very effective			2/6. 12/6
Verbena erinoides.—Violet, fine for carpeting	0/-	19/-	2/6 12/6

GLADIOLUS BULBS.

The following acclimatised bulbs are now ready for sending out. It is advisable to order early, but we do not recommend immediate planting unless you have experience of good results in your situation from planting at this time. We think the best time, for the Western Province, is August and September and perhaps July for the earliest situations. These bulbs can easily be stored until that time.

Assorted dozens will be supplied at the dozen rate but without labels. If you

want each one labelled the price will be 1/- per doz. extra.

Postage: If you send cash with order we will pack free and pay the postage to any address within the Union of South Africa. When cash is not sent these charges will be added to the account.

GARDEN HYBRIDS.

E PARTIE DE LA COMPANIE DE LA COMPAN	lach	doz.	100	1000
Apricot.—Bright yellow shaded apricot, large spike, strong grower	6d	2/6	17/6	157/6
Early Orange.—Orange-scarlet, strong grower		2/6	15/-	135/-
Early Sunrise.—Pure salmon with light salmon centre, large flower		C. E.	-	1 1 1 19
on strong stem	6d	2/6	15/-	135/-
Flaming Sword.—Bright red, free flowering, strong grower	6d	2/6	17/6	157/6
Halley.—Bright orange-rose, immense spikes, large blooms	6d	2/6	15/-	135/-
Leviathan.—Pure yellow	6d	3/6	25/-	The same of
LiebesfeuerBrilliant red, very large flower	6d		17/6	6 1
Lilac Wonder Pure soft lilac, a beautiful shade, large flowers on		3		
slender stems	6d	2/6	15/-	135/-
L'Unique.—Clear red, very attractive	6d	2/6	17/6.	781 -
Mrs. H. McClaren.—Golden yellow with darker lower petal	6d	4/6	32/6	315/-
Odin.—Pure salmon, a very beautiful large flowering variety,				
strong grower	6d	2/6	15/-	1000
Pink Beauty.—Dark pink with distinct dark red blotch	6d	2/6	15/-	-
Pride of Haarlem.—Rich salmon-cherry-red shaded with fawn	9d	5/6	37/6	-
Prince of Wales. Beautiful salmon-red shaded silvery white	6d	2/6	15/-	-
Quo Vadis.—Bright rose	6d	2/6	15/-	135/-
Vesuvius.—Brilliant red	6d		20/-	-
White City.—Pure white	6d	2/6	17/6	157/6
PRIMULINUS HYBRIDS.				
Fire Queen.—Bright scarlet, very fine	8d	4/6	30/-	-
Krelage's Favourite.—Bright red	6d	3/6	20/-	185/-
Maiden's Blush.—Beautiful delicate pink, stems tall and slender,				
splendid cut-flower	6d	2/6	13/6	120/-
Midsummer Dream.—A geranium-red of great beauty; large			-	STATE OF THE PARTY
flowers on a tall stem			30/-	285/-
Orange Queen.—Beautiful orange; large flowers on a strong stem		- 1	15/-	135/-
Scarlet Cardinal.—Bright scarlet, very fine	6d		20/-	185/-
Souvenir.—Yellow	6d	2/6	17/6	160/-
Xanthia.—Scarlet-orange, brown-red flake	bd	2/6	15/	140/-
MIXED HYBRIDS.				
Floravale Mixture.—A fine assortment of the best varieties of				
Garden Hybrids and Primulinus Hybrids for private gardens	-	2/-	10/6	90/-

NOTES FOR JULY.

By "EDEN."

DAHLIAS.

Many people still believe that dahlias generally will not last as cut-flower, yet when you understand how to handle them, it is surprising how well even the monster blooms can be kept fresh after they are cut.

Points to remember in this regard are: Cut the blooms when they are fully developed, this is just before the outer petals begin to fade. Cutting should be done first thing in the morning.

Place the cut blooms flat on a table or other convenient place, then thoroughly sprinkle with cold water. They may be left in this position for an hour or two.

Plunging the stems in boiling water an inch or two deep is a good plan and may be done before spreading them out on the table or just before placing them in the cases, whichever is most convenient, but remember that the stems must not be cut back further than the level at which they stood in the boiling water.

Treated in this way, especially if the water in the vases is renewed daily, many varieties will last a week or more.

To grow Dahlias successfully is a very easy matter if your soil is rich and well drained, especially if it is of a sandy nature, provided you can afford to give them lots of water. Heavy red loam if opened up by the addition of large quantities of long stable manure or decayed vegetation such as decayed leaves or other refuse, will grow remarkable dahlias, but in soils of this type you must be sure that the drainage is perfect.

Once the young plants commence to grow they can be fed regularly. The amount will depend largely upon the amount of water you can give them. The more you water the more you will have to feed. Of course the amount of water you can give will depend upon the nature of the soil and the treatment you gave it beforehand. You cannot simply water and feed as you wish because, if the plants are not growing rapidly, such treatment will most likely kill them. Your main object should be to get your soil into the condition in which the young plants will go right ahead from the start.

Tubers lifted out of the ground during last month will shortly be ready to divide before replanting in August. Here the average gardener comes up against a bit of a problem. So many of us are not quite sure what to do with the great big bunches of roots. Our friends and neighbours are all ready with such very definite advice, but unfortunately the advice is often so conflicting that we are none the wiser.

Anyway I will do my best to help you. To get the best results the plant should have one main stem, therefore the tuber from which it is to grow should have as few eyes as possible. These eyes are situated on that part of the tuber where it attaches to the dry stem of the previous season's growth.

An old chisel is a useful implement for this job as the stems are sometimes very hard. Work from the underside of the tubers. When you have cut the bunch of tubers into fairly small portions, each consisting of a tuber or two with a portion of the collar attached, go carefully over them and reject those where no eyes can be seen on the collar. The collar is the thickest part where the tuber joins the old stem.

These selected tubers may now be planted in the prepared holes which should be about two to three feet apart depending upon the variety.

Mignons may be planted nearer together, about 15 in. if used for bedding and even a little less when planted along the edge of a drive or pathway.

For those of you who would like early blooms, a good plan is to spread the tubers close together on a prepared hotbed or a heap of stable manure, covering them with about two inches of leaf-mould or sandy loam. It is not necessary to divide up the clumps until the growths appear above the ground. This procedure makes it a much simpler matter to select a nice fat shoot with a tuber attached for setting out in the garden.

Disbudding is essential if you wish to produce large blooms on straight tall stems and also to keep the plants in good shape. Disbudding is undoubtedly a biggish job and must be done right through the season, nor must it be delayed. The side buds must be removed as soon as they can be conveniently handled.

How many sets of buds you will remove will depend upon the length of stem you desire. Usually two pairs, not counting the odd bud usually found right next to the main bud. With varieties that are inclined to grow too tall, buds may be removed even lower down still.

Not only does disbudding produce long flower stalks, but it tends to keep the plants shapely.

Although as a rule it is only the Decorative and Garden Cactus varieties which are disbudded, I think the Pompons, Collarettes and Singles are much improved by this treatment.

Do not disbud the Mignons as their beauty lies in a profusion of flowers. With them, however, the regular removal of faded flowers is essential. In fact, with all Dahlias, if the flowers are not regularly cut, the faded flowers become very unsightly unless regularly removed.

Few pests are likely to prove troublesome with dahlias. Cut worms sometimes destroy the young shoots as they appear above ground but they can be easily controlled by sprinkling a pinch of Bran poisoned with Paris Green around each plant.

Caterpillars are often troublesome amongst the flower buds, but one or two dustings, in the early morning, with Arsenate of Lead, will soon eradicate this pest.

Late in the season mildew is sometimes noticed on the older leaves, for this you should dust with sulphur if the weather is warm; in cool dull weather Bordeaux or copper-oxide-chloride used in powder form are more reliable.

Dahlias are often mulched in hot weather; that is, the surface of the soil between the plants is covered with a layer of old manure, straw or leaves. This is a splendid idea if you have suitable material. Manure is probably the best material as it provides food at the same time. The idea of the mulch is to keep the soil cool and also to conserve moisture,

By keeping the surface of the soil cool, the roots of the plants are encouraged to develop near the surface where the soil is usually in the most fertile condition.

Mulching obviates most of the surface cultivation which would be necessary without it, while less frequent watering will also be necessary.

When watering your dahlias give the plants a thorough washing occasionally to remove the dust which settles on the foliage.

APPRECIATIONS.

Observatory, May 15th, 1935.—The blooms last year from your seeds and plants were simply glorious.

Natal, May 15th, 1935.—I am happy to say that the stocks you sent last are in flower, a lovely sight.

Retreat, May 20th, 1935.—I wish to thank you for the one dozen rose bushes supplied to me last winter. They have been such a success that I am sending you another order for twenty-two roses. I have had a regular supply the whole of the summer, and everyone who has seen them has been astonished with the growth, quality. and quantity of the flowers.

Piquetberg, June 14th, 1935.—The seeds I bought from you in the Autumn have come up splendidly, they all germinated very well, both flower and vegetable seeds. They look healthy and sturdy plants now and are just ready for transplanting.

Broken Hill, June 8th, 1935.—I should like to tell you that the Dahlia bulbs ordered from you on the 1st February have been very satisfactory. They started blooming on 21st April and have been a lovely sight, beautiful large blooms, some being in bloom still.

Grahamstown, June 12th, 1935.—The Marglobe Tomato seed I got from you last season turned out well. I had a good crop of tomatoes free from disease; have not had success with tomatoes for years till I got seed from you.

Ashton, May 20th, 1935 .- I was delighted with my last parcel of plants. They arrived in perfect condition and are all growing.

Namaqualand, May 26th, 1935.—The plants I ordered from you have come to hand in splendid condition. They are as fresh as the day they were taken out of

the ground. They are nice strong plants and I am very pleased with them.

Livingstone, May 28th, 1935.—Your catalogue I find very useful. You evidently cater more for the farmer than most of the other firms. I will want some tree seeds later.

Paarl. June 15th, 1935.—Ek kan u verseker Starke's se diens, saad, en plante is so goed as goud.

Kingwilliamstown, June 3rd, 1935.—The last lot of bulbs I got are now flowering.

and I am very pleased with the results.

Bredasdorp, June 17th, 1935.—I wish to thank you very much for your booklet

"My Garden," as it is of great value to me in my own garden. I also wish to thank
you for the excellent Gladiolus bulbs I got from you in February last. One of them

"Charles Dickens" is in bloom now but its beauty is not to be described nor excelled.

DAHLIAS.

August begins the planting season for Dahlias and you should send your order now to secure tubers for setting out early as it is not likely that the supplies we have will fully meet the demand. No doubt we will import tubers again this season but they will not be available until about January. In the meantime there will also be green plants in November or December which will be listed as soon as they are ready. Dig deeply for your Dahlias and treat them well and they will not disappoint you.

Price: Varieties priced at 2/- are 20/- per dozen or 10/6 per half dozen. Other varieties, up to 3/- are reckoned 3d. less and those over 3/- are reckoned 6d. less when included in a dozen. For Cash with Order deduct 5 per cent.

Postage and Packing: 1/6 per doz.; 1/- per half doz.; 9d. per quarter doz. or This includes packing and postage within the Union of South Africa only. Other parts extra according to postage rates.

DECORATIVE TYPE.							
		Price each	1				
Amun Ra.—Orange with a golden glow	5000	2/6)				
Andree van den BergGold shading to bronze at centre	111	5/-					
Augustinus.—Rose and yellow, large flower		2/-					
Bordeaux.—Dark wine colour, extra large, very attractive		2/-	1				
ChampagneColour champagne with a golden hue	n	2/6	,				
De Schelde,—Blackish crimson		.4. 2/6	,				
Ellinor Vanderveer.—Rose-lilac, very large		2/6	,				
Emma Groot.—Deep slaty mauve, large and of good shape		2/-					
F.T.D.—Rich tyrian rose, rigid stems		2/-					
Hera.—Lavender, strong well formed blooms	200	2/-					
Jersey's Beacon.—Scarlet and buff, fine large bloom	1	2/-					
Jersey's Beauty.—A beautiful pink, free-flowering		2/-					
Kathleen Norris.—True rose-pink, deepening to mallow-pink		2/-					
King Harold.—Deep velvety crimson, long strong stems		2/-					
Mephistopheles.—Ruby-red, slightly tipped gold	1	2/6					
Mevreuw Wurfbain.—Rich velvety purple		2/-					
Mount Everest.—Pure white, very fine		2/-					
Mrs. Carl Salbach.—Soft lavender		2/-					
Mrs. 1. de Ver Warner.—Dark mauve, very large		2/-					
Oranje Boven.—Bright orange, very fine		2/6					
Porthos.—Remarkable colour, a shade of violet almost suggesting blue		2/6					
Princess Juliana.—Pure white, long wiry stem, excellent for cutting	***	016					
Queen of the Garden Beautiful.—Light yellow, immense flower Robert Treat.—Beautiful carmine, fine American variety		2/-					
Rockwood.—Bright cerise-rose, good for cutting		2/6					
Sanhican's Red Cap.—Dark glowing carmine, sturdy grower		2/-					
The World.—Deep rosy magenta overlaid garnet with silver shadings		2/-					
Tommy Atkins.—Brightest scarlet		2/-					
Toplight.—Pure yellow	***	2/-					
CACTUS TYPE.							
		E /					
Ballego's Magenta.—Ideal form with narrow petals of a delicate rose n Bourgoyne.—Wine colour, large flowers of true Cactus form	agen	ta 5/- 2/-					
Ella Bruidegom.—A lovely rose cut-flower, medium size fine stems		2/-					
Lolita Velasco.—Pure white, large flower	11/11	2/-					
Nivea.—Pure white, a good commercial variety	14.5	2/-					
Romeo.—Yellow at the base, spotted with crimson	12.27	2/6	-				

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

We give no guarantee express or implied (and none of our representatives is authorised to vary this condition in any way) as to description, quality or productiveness or as to any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we sell, and we are not in any way responsible for them or in respect of the crop or failure of the crop. All quotations are given and orders accepted only on the understanding that these conditions are agreed to.

WOODEN GARDEN LABELS.

Price per 100	 4in.	5in.	6in.	8in.	10in.	
Heavy Quality						

NOVELTIES AND NEW PRICES.

Prices are continually fluctuating and it is therefore impossible to maintain the prices printed in our last catalogue until the next issue appears. The following alterations have become necessary since we last published a revised list and we shall be glad if you will record these prices in your copy of our 1934-5 Catalogue so that you may have correct information when making up your order:

Pag			Per	1	5	25 1	L001b.
19	Peas, Alderman.—Price reduced			1/-	4/-	17/6	60/-
19	Peas, Emperor.—Price reduced			1/-	4/6	21/-	75/-
19	Peas, Southern Cross.—Reduced	•••		1/-	4/6	21/-	75/-
19	Peas, Stratagem Reduced			8d	2/6	10/6	
20	Peas, Waratah.—Reduced price			1/3	5/-	22/6	85/-
20	Peas, W. F. Massey.—Reduced	111		1/-	4/6	21/-	75/-
-			Per	oz.	⅓lb.	1b.	5lb.
31.	Cucumber, Arlington White Spine	***		1/3	-4/-	15/-	70/-
31	Cucumber, Chicago Pickle	***		1/3	4/-	15/	70/-
31	Cucumber, Cool and Crisp	414.4	••••	1/3	4/-	15/-	
31	Cucumber, Davis Perfect			1/3	4/-	15/-	70/-
31	Cucumber, Early Fortune			1/3	4/-	15/-	70/ -
31	Cucumber, Early Russian	• • • •	***	1/3	4/-	15/-	70/
31	Cucumber, Fordhook Famous	1	***	1/3	4/-	15/-	70/-
31	Cucumber, Japanese Climbing	7 7**	'	1/3	4/-	15/-	70/-3
31	Cucumber, Klondike	• • •	- Silver		4/-	15/-	70/-
31	Cucumber, New Model	•••	****	1/3	4/-	15/-	70/-
31	West India Gherkin (Agurkie))	`			4/-	15/-	70/-
32	Musk Melon, Bay View	• • • •	****	1/3	4/-	15/-	70/-
32	Musk Melon, Persian			1/-	3/6	12/6	7 E /
32 33	Musk Melon, Pink Fleshed Winter			9d	2/3 1/6	7/6 5/-	35/-
	Pumpkin Eraserdale Improved Room	•••		6d		7/6	22/6 35/-
33 33	Pumpkin, Fraserdale Improved Boer			9d	2/3	5/-	22/6
. 33	Pumpkin Sugar or Pie	•••		. 6d 6d	1/6		22/6
35	Pumpkin, Sugar or Pie Squash, Golden Hubbard			. 9d	2/3	5/- 7/6	32/6
35	O	* ***	•••	1/-	3/6	12/6	02/0
35	Coursele Wohle Ousen	***		9d	2/3		32/6
37	Water Melon, Cape Mountain Sweet			1/-	3/-	10/6	47/6
37	Water Melon, Excel White Seed			9d	1/9	5/6	25/-
37	Water Melon, Florida Favourite			. 9d	1/9	5/6	25/-
37	Water Melon, Halbert Honey			9d	1/9	5/6	25/-
37	Water Melon, King and Queen			9d	2/-	6/6	30/-
37	Water Melon, Sugar Stick			9d	1/9	5/6	25/-
40	Pepper, Large Sweet Spanish			1/6	5/6		
41	Egg Plant, New York Spineless		***	2/3	8/-		
			Per	pkt.	10Z.	oz.	4oz.
44	Acton Now Curon Cient Lee Angeles		-				102.
	Aster, New Super Giant Los Angeles		***	6d	6/-	21/-	
51	Salvia splendens, Coral.—New	in the	4.4	2/6	0/	616	00/
54	Zinnia, California Giant, Orange King	***		6d	2/-	6/6	/
54 54	Zinnia, California Giant, Rose Queen Zinnia, California Giant, Scarlet Gem			6d	2/- 2/-	6/6	22/ - 22/ -
54		1		6d		6/6	22/-
54	Zinnia, Dahlia Flowered, Crimson Monarch			6d 6d	2/- 2/-	6/6	22/-
54	Zinnia, Dahlia Flowered, Exquisite Zinnia, Dahlia Flowered, Golden Dawn		***		2/-	6/6	22/-
54				6d	2/-	6/6	
54		*** .	•••	6d	2/-	6/6	1 -
54	Zinnia, Dahlia Flowered, Oriole Zinnia, Dahlia Flowered, Scarlet Flame			6d	2/-	6/6	22/-
54	Zinnia, Giant Robusta in separate colours			6d	$\frac{2}{1/3}$	4/-	12/-
54	Zinnia, Plenissima Robusta.—Mixed			• 6d	1/3	4/-	12/-
73	Pittosporum crassifolium.—Per oz. 2/6			Oct	1/0	4/ =	14/ -
73	Pittosporum eugenoides.—Per oz. 1/6; 4ozs. 5	/6					

VOORWAARDES VAN KOOP EN VERKOOP.

Ons gee geen waarborg, direk of indirek (en geen een van ons verteenwoordigere is gemagtig om die voorwaardes te verander nie) met betrekking tot deskripsie, kwaliteit of produktieweteit, of enige ander saak omtrent die saad, bolle of plante wat ons verkoop nie. Alle kwotasies word gegee en bestellings aangeneem, slegs op die voorwaarde dat met die kondiesies ooreengestem word.

TREE CARNATIONS.

The following varieties are now ready and are offered subject to being unsold. Send your order promptly to avoid disappointment because there is usually a brisk demand for them.

All varieties 3d less when included in a dozen; 6d less when included in a hundred
Packing and Postage extra: 2/- per dozen, 1/6 per ½ dozen, 1/- per ¼ dozen of less. This includes box, packing and postage within the Union of South Africa. To other parts the difference in postage will be added.
Betty Lou.—Deep rose, large flowers 2/-
Golden Glow.—Yellow with occasional pink stripes 2/6
Jackie.—Yellow ground striped mauve 2/6
Lady Hindlip.—White pencilled red, well shaped flowers 2/-
Mrs. Hamilton FellowesLight purple large blooms, good grower, one of the
best of its colour
Olive.—White ground, picoteed and striped chocolate crimson 3/6
Red Regina
Robert Allwood (1933).—Bright scarlet of great size, a very fine variety 7/6
Salmon Regina.—Regina is so well known that the name is ample description of
this variety 2/-
Salmon Spectrum.—A salmon-pink sport of Spectrum 2/6
Spectrum.—A large bright red, free-flowering and of good growth 2/-
Spectrum Supreme (1931).—Bright scarlet, deeper than Spectrum and an improve-
ment on that variety 2/6
Triumph.—Bright crimson, large and of good shape 2/-
White Regina.—A good white having the strong constitution of Regina 2/-

"KUDU" GENERAL GARDEN FERTILIZER.

The plant food elements of this fertiliser are in correct proportion for general garden work. About 8 oz. per sq. yard is a suitable dressing in the garden.

Price: 25 lbs 3/6; 50 lbs 5/6; 100 lbs 10/-; 200 lbs 17/6; per ton of 2000 lbs

£7/10/-. Less 5 per cent. for Cash with Order.

Analysis: Phosphoric oxide soluble in 2 per cent. citric acid solution 10 per cent., total phosphoric oxide 12 per cent., nitrogen 4 per cent., potash 4 per cent, lime 16 per cent.

LAWN SAND AND WEED KILLER.

"Capex" Weed Killer (Lawn Sand) .- Destroys the soft annual weeds of lawns,

while it stimulates the growth of the permanent grass forming the lawn. Per 5 lbs 2/-; 25 lbs 7/6; 50 lbs 12/6; 100 lbs 24/6.

"Kudu" Lawn Sand.—This is our own preparation for the destruction of weeds in lawns. It has a burning effect on the soft weeds but is beneficial to the harder, permanent grass. Per 5 lbs 1/6; 25 lbs 5/-; 50 lbs 8/6; 100 lbs 15/-.

E.



"I CAN SEE TO AN INCH WHERE I HAVE USED VELVAS LAWN SAND."

So says a user. And it is true. There is a very decided dividing line between grass fed and cleaned with Velvas and grass just left alone. Velvas treated grass is a brilliant emerald green against the dowdiness of its neighbour. Such is the wonderful effect of Velvas Lawn Sand. It creates remarkable transformations in old and impoverished lawns and keeps good lawns in the finest possible condition. 3½ lbs 2/6; 7 lbs 4/3; 14 lbs 7/3; 28 lbs 11/6; 56 lbs 20/-; 112 lbs 36/-.

POTTING SOIL.

	E.	Per	1100	2	4	6	8 bushels.
Specially mixed for Ferns			3/-	5/6	10/-	13/6	16/-
Specially mixed for Carnations	144		3/-	5/6	10/-	13/6	16/-
Specially mixed for Chrysanthemun	ns 🤼 🖟		3/-	5/6	10/-	13/6	. 16/-
Specially mixed for General Purpos	ies		3/-	5/6	10/-	13/6	16/-
Leaf Mould			.0/	5/6	10/-	13/6	16/-

NOTES FOR RHODESIA FOR JULY.

Contributed by Meikles (GWELO) LTD.

Flower Garden.—The weather will not be favourable for sowing out of doors for another month, so it is advisable to prepare all beds, borders, etc., and make ready to plant out in August, and later. Some hardy annuals can be planted in tins, if protection is given.

The winter pruning of roses should be completed during this month. In heavy soils a dressing of lime will benefit them, followed 3 or 4 weeks later by a dressing of horse or cow manure forked with the surface soil. Dig in some well-rotted manure around trees and shrubs, or give each plant a dressing of bone dust.

In planting out flower beds, the point of spacing is a very important one and generally much neglected. Stocks do much better if planted 18 inches apart, Pansies 12 inches and so on. In addition cultivation can be carried on, if plants are well apart, and much better, and fine blooms are the result.

Unless conditions are very favourable the planting of flowers is better deferred until August or even September. The soil is then warmed up, germination and growth are much quicker than in the winter months, and one gets encouraging results.

Vegetable Garden.—Peas are still a good vegetable to plant during this month, also onions, carrots, lettuce, radish, spinach; also in a frame or under shelter a first tomato sowing for transplanting later.

The most important work this month is to get all beds manured, trenched where necessary; all weeds and rubbish removed ready for spring planting. Next month, August, the soil will be warming up and many kinds of vegetables can be planted.

RHODESIAN PRICES.

It is obviously impossible to sell our seeds, and other goods, in Rhodesia, at the prices quoted in this paper, but Messrs. Meikles (Gwelo) Ltd. will supply you at the lowest possible prices when railage and similar charges are taken into account. Please communicate with them if you wish for an exact quotation on any article mentioned in these pages.

A thought for your garden

TOUR garden is laid out with care and forethought. A carpet of green, with a background of colour. Do you not think a bird-bath in Table Mountain Stone will complete the picture? Consider how delightful it will be to have a beautiful bird sanctuary. Write or call at Messrs. Chas. Ayres, Adderley Street, Cape Tewn, for full particulars.

R. CANE & SONS

(PTY.) LIMITED Masons

Head Office:

96, LONG STREET, CAPE TOWN



This is the "Swan Neck" design Bird Bath and is only one of the many beautiful designs obtainable.



THE "HANDY" SPADE

Best Cast Steel.
Size 3, 84in. x 124in.
Turnover Treads.
Price 3/- each.

THE "HANDY" LADIES' SPADE

Same quality.

Lighter Pattern.

Size 0, 6\frac{2}{3}in. x 11in.

Price 3/- each.



THE "HANDY" SHOVEL

Stamped steel, light and strong.

Open socket, square mouth, size 3, 10½in. x 13in.

Price 3/- each.

F.



SKELTON'S PLUG STRAPPED SPADE, No. E2727.

Treaded and fitted with a straight shaft, D handle, 8in. x 12½in. Price 7/6 each.



SKELTON'S VINEYARD SPADE, No. E2879.

T handle, 9in. x 13in. Price 6/3 each.



SKELTON'S CAPE FORKS, No. D4025.

Best Cast Steel.
Size 3. 5-prong 9in. x 13½in. 6/6 each.

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PRETORIA NOTES.

C. Starke & Co., Ltd., 292 Pretorius Street, Pretoria.

Tel. Add.:

Telephone:

"Seedstarke." Pretoria.

2735 Pretoria.

PLANTING NOTES FOR JULY FROM PRETORIA BRANCH,

For late sowing, where this is possible, we still have a few bags of the best varieties of Recleaned Seed Wheat and other Winter Cereals at prices quoted in recent issues of "My Garden." Cheaper strains are also available for sowing for Fodder.

In the warmer districts the sowing of early Spring Crops such as Mealies, Beans, Cucumbers, Tomatoes, Marrows, Sweet Corn, Pepper and Egg Plant will now begin, while the following may also be sown, even in less favoured districts: Cabbage, Lettuce, Broad Beans, Spinach, Carrot, Herbs (various). In districts subject to frost it is better to delay sowing until August or September.

MEALIES AND SWEET CORN.

We offer excellent selected strains in the varieties listed below.

		Per	1	. 5	25	100	200lb
Bcesman.—Yellow	() v		4d	1/-	3/9	12/6	22/6
Bread Mealies.—Good for green use							
Burlington Hybrid.—Fine for early green	mealies	10	5d	1/6	6/-	21/-	40/-
Chester County.—Early yellow dent			4d	1/3	4/9	16/-	30/-
Sahara.—Yellow, machine graded							
Wisconsin.—White							22/6
Sweet Corn.—All varieties			8d	2/6	1	1911	13.

KAFFIR CORN.

The following Special Varieties of Kaffir Corn are offered at the very low prices quoted here for this specially grown seed :-

Price: Per lb 4d; 5 lbs 1/-; 25 lbs 3/6; 100 lbs 11/-; 200 lbs 20/-; or in 5-bag lots at 18/6 per bag.

Curnow Tall Corn.—This variety was developed on our own farms in the Vryburg District where it has to contend with drought conditions; it is an exceptionally

District where it has to contend with drought conditions; it is an exceptionally heavy yielder requiring a fairly long growing period.

Klerksdorp Light Red.—Bred by the T.U.C. Experimental Farm from material obtained from the Western Transvaal and introduced after about ten years of careful selection; medium early; seed medium to large and light red in colour; grows to about 5 ft. and is very uniform. In 1934 this variety yielded 36 bags per morgen at Pretoria and excellent results have been obtained from it in the Western and Northern Transvaal. It is expected that it will do well in all parts suited to the production of Kaffir Corn. The seed we offer is from a very reliable grower in the Western Transvaal who is very careful to keep the strain pure.

Improved White.—A very uniform strain of Kaffir Corn which has been improved by careful selection; it is a big yielder of plump white grains; the seed has been specially grown for us.

FRENCH BEANS-SNY BOONTJIES.

In frost-free areas you may sow Beans this month and the following varieties, being fairly hardy, will be found suitable for this early sowing:

	Per	1	5	25	100	2001ь
Bountiful or Six Weeeks.—Imported	£	1/3	5/9	27/6	100/-	
Local Seed		9d	3/3	14/6	55/-	170
Canadian Wonder.—Imported	46 5.17		5/9	27/6	100/-	-
Local Hand Picked		6d	2/3	10/-	38/6	70/-
Local Machine Cleaned			1/9	7/6	28/6	50/-
Epicure Runner Beans	3	10d	3/9	16/-	60/-	110/-
Italian Runner Beans		10d	3/9	16/-	60/-	110/-
Kentucky Wonder Runner Beans.—Imported	1	1/3	5/9	27/6	100/-	1
Victory Beans.—Best Hand Picked Seed	18	6d	2/3	10/-	38/6	70/-
Machine Cleaned Seed		. 5d	1/9	7/6	28/6	50/-

SPUD.

(Without handle). No. F054. 2-inch.

Price: 9d. each. (Postage 4d. extra.)



PRETORIA NOTES. .

GARDEN PEAS-TUIN ERTJIES.

We have been able to make price reductions in many varieties of Garden Peas and give a list of the principal varieties below:

	Per	1	5	45	TOOLD
AldermanTall, darker green than Telephone		1/-			and the same of th
Emperor.—Strong constitution, heavy cropper		1/-	5 - miles	21/-	
Greenfeast.—Dwarf, dark green, curved pod	7	9d 1/-	- 1	13/6 21/-	The same of the sa
Southern Cross.—Large deep green pods		1/-		21/-	
Stratagem.—The most popular dwarf variety	1	8d		10/6	
Punt's Stomppeul.—Strong grower, good cropper		1/-	- 1	17/6	
Waratah.—Very early, large pods for a dwarf W. F. Massey.—The earliest dwarf variety		1/3		21/-	75/-
Yorkshire Hero.—Heavy cropper, 21ft. to 3ft.		- 9d		13/6	

SEED POTATOES.

Many growers will be planting during July and August and we have good seed at prices quoted below.

Scotch Up-to-Date.—Second crop from imported—15/- per bag.

Scotch Epicure.—First crop from imported—20/- per bag or 17/6 in 5-bag lots.

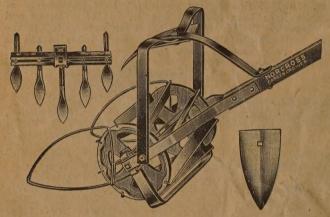
FLAT WHITE CHEESE OR BOER PUMPKIN.

Our selected strain of this favurite variety is again available. Price: Per lb 4/-; 5 lbs at 3/9; 10 lbs at 3/6 per lb.

FLOWER SEEDS.

For spring planting seed should be started now in tins with suitable shelter. The Low Veld areas can sow earlier than other parts such varieties as Aster, Zinnia, Balsam, etc., and a complete list will be found in an earlier page of this issue as recommended by our Mowbray House. Most varieties can be supplied in 6d. packets or 5/- per dozen and, for cash with order, we pay postage on Flower Seeds to any address in South Africa.

THE NEW NORCROSS GARDEN GROWER



It Ploughs, Weeds, Cultivates, Mulches and Opens Furrows for Planting.

The last word in garden implements—a device which embodies every essential tool for conditioning and maintenance of the soil in the family or commercial garden. It eliminates bending, stooping, kneeling, pulling, tugging and hard hoeing. A modern tool that every grower will be interested in.

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This splendid rake is strongly made and thoroughly reliable. It is a well-finished article and the only thing about it that is cheap is the price. 13in., 12-teeth 3/6 each. 8½in., 8-teeth 3/- each.

Complete with 5-foot handle. Spare handles 2/6 each.

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